

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS FORT WORTH DIVISION

WAIVER OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

Steve Biggers v. Ron Massingill

RE:

Caption of Action:

Case Number:	4.23-69-339
ГО:	Warren V. Norred
	(Name of Plaintiff's Attorney or Unrepresented Plaintiff)
above, which was filed in talso received a copy of the	cipt of your request that I waive service of a summons in the action stated the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas. I have complaint in the action, two copies of this Instrument, and a means by sed waiver to you without cost to me.
<u> </u>	cost of service of a summons and an additional copy of the complaint in g that I (or the entity on whose behalf I am acting) be served with judicial yided by Rule 4.
•	whose behalf I am acting) will retain all defenses or objections to the on or venue of the Court except for objections based on a defect in the of the summons.
acting) if an answer or mo	judgment may be entered against me (or the party on whose behalf I am tion under Rule 12 is not served upon you within 60 days after the date h was _April 14, 2023, or within 90 days after that date it le the United States.
April 19, 2023 Date	David Jacuin Signature
	David Iglesias
	Printed/Typed Name
	Ron Massingill
	For Defendant
Dut	ty to Avoid Unnecessary Costs of Service of Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain parties to cooperate in saving costs of service of the summons and complaint. A defendant located in the United States who after being notified of an action and asked by a plaintiff located in the United States to waive service of a summons, fails to do so will be required to bear the cost of such service unless good cause be shown for its failure to sign and return the waiver.

It is not good cause for a failure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or over its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons retains all defenses and objections (except any relating to the summons or to the service of the summons), and may later object to the jurisdiction of the Court or to the place where the action has been brought.

A defendant who waives service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff) a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the response with the Court. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against that defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to answer than if the summons had been actually served when the request for waiver of service was received.